

THE EVENING BULLETIN.

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MAYSVILLE, KY., THURSDAY, MARCH 10, 1892.

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ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities command it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and \$1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY.
NEW YORK, N.Y.

Children Cry for PITCHER'S **CASTORIA**

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M.D.,
111 South Oxford St., Brooklyn, N.Y.

"I use Castoria in my practice, and find it specially adapted to affections of children." ALEX. ROBERTSON, M.D.,
1057 2d Ave., New York.

"From personal knowledge I can say that Castoria is a most excellent medicine for children." DR. G. C. OSOOG, Lowell, Mass.

Castoria promotes Digestion, and overcomes Flatulency, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhea, and Feverishness. Thus the child is rendered healthy and its sleep natural. Castoria contains no Morphine or other narcotic property.

R. B. LOVE,

Dealer in Staple and Fancy

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

And Country Produce of all kinds. A big stock, a new stock and a clean stock. Wholesale and Retail agent for D. M. Ferry & Co.'s famous

Garden Seeds

the best in the world, in packages and in bulk. A big supply of the very best varieties of Northern Grown Potatoes for seed and Table use. Highest Market price paid for Poultry, Eggs and all Kinds of Country Produce.

People from the country are invited to make my house headquarters while in town. Goods delivered to all parts of the city free of charge or delivery.



Pure! Brilliant! Perfect!

USED EVERYWHERE, AND ENDORSED WHEREVER USED.

THE MOST POPULAR GLASSES IN THE U.S.

They are daily worn and are warmly praised by the solid *Representatives* Men of this country, many of them being of *National fame*. The list embraces *Bankers*, *Merchants*, *Lawyers*, *Governors*, *Senators*, *Foreign Ministers*, *Mechanics*, *Preachers*,

MEN EMINENT IN ALL PROFESSIONS AND TRADES.

PHYSICIANS RECOMMEND THEM.

Buy none but the genuine. These perfect Glasses are accurately adjusted to all eyes at the drug store of Power & Reynolds.

"HELLO!"

MAYSVILLE, SARDIS AND MT. OLIVET
TELEPHONE COMPANY.

Messages promptly delivered. Maysville office at Parker & Co.'s livery stable.

SENT TO THE SENATE.

A Message from the President on the Behring Sea Affair.

THE ARBITRATION CONVENTION.

An Important Document Which Has Heretofore Been Held from the Public Sent to the Senate—Other Washington Dispatches.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—The message of the president transmitting the Behring sea arbitration convention to the senate from which the injunction of secrecy was removed yesterday, is as follows:

To the senate—I herewith transmit with a view to its ratification a convention signed at Washington, the 29th of February, 1892, between the governments of the United States and her Britannic majesty, submitting to arbitration the questions which have arisen between the governments concerning the jurisdictional rights of the United States in the waters of the Behring sea, and concerning also the preservation of the fur seal in and habitually resorting to the said sea and the rights of the citizens of either country as regards the taking of fur seal in, or habitually resorting to the said waters.

The correspondence not heretofore submitted to congress in relation to the Behring sea matter is in course of preparation and will be transmitted without delay.

BENJAMIN HARRISON.

The following is the text of the treaty:

The questions which have arisen between the government of the United States and the government of her Britannic majesty concerning the jurisdictional rights of the United States in the waters of the Behring sea, and concerning also the preservation of the fur seal in, or habitually resorting to the said sea and the rights of the citizens and subjects of the countries as regard the taking of fur seal in, or habitually resorting to the said waters, shall be submitted to a tribunal of arbitration to be composed of seven arbitrators who shall be appointed in the following manner, that is, to say, two shall be named by the president of the United States; two shall be named by her Britannic majesty; his excellency, the president of the French republic, shall be jointly requested by the contracting parties to name one; his majesty, King of Italy, shall be requested to name one, and his majesty, the King of Norway, shall be requested to name one.

The seven arbitrators to be named shall be jurists of distinguished reputation in their own countries. In case of the death absence or incapacity to serve of any or either of the said arbitrators, or in the event of any or either of the said arbitrators committing or declining, or ceasing to act as such, the president of the United States or her Britannic majesty, or his excellency, the president of the French republic, or his majesty, the king of Italy, or his majesty, the king of Sweden and Norway, as the case may be, shall name or shall be requested to name forthwith another person to act as arbitrator in the place and stead of the arbitrator originally named by such head of state. And in the event of a refusal or omission for two months after the receipt of the joint request from the high contracting parties of his excellency, the president of the French republic, or his majesty, the king of Italy; or his majesty, the king of Sweden and Norway, to name an arbitrator, either to fill the original appointment or fill a vacancy, as above provided; then, in such case, the appointment shall be made, or the vacancy will be filled in such manner as the contracting parties shall agree.

Article 2.—The arbitrators shall meet at Paris within twenty days after the delivery of the counter case mentioned in Article 4 and shall proceed impartially and carefully to examine and decide the questions brought before them as herein provided on the part of the government of the United States and her Britannic majesty respectively. All questions considered by the tribunal, including the final decision shall be determined by a majority of all the arbitrators. Each of the contracting parties shall also name one person to attend the tribunal, as its agent, to represent it generally, in all matters connected with the arbitration.

Article 3.—The printed case of each of the two parties accompanied by the documents, the official correspondence, and other evidence on which each relies shall be delivered in duplicate to each of the arbitrators and to the agent of the other party as soon as may be after the appointment of members of the tribunal, but within a period, not exceeding three months from the date of the exchange of the ratifications of the treaty.

Article 4.—Within three months after the delivery on both sides of the printed case, either party may in like manner deliver in duplicate to each of the said arbitrators, and to the agent of the other party, a counter case and additional documents, correspondence and evidence in reply to the case, documents, correspondence and evidence so presented by the other party.

If, however, in consequence of the distance of the place from which the evidence to be presented is to be procured, either party shall, within thirty days of the receipt by its agent of the case of the other party, give notice to the other party that it requires additional time for the delivery of such counter case, documents, correspondence and evidence, such additional time, so indicated, but not exceeding sixty days beyond the three months in this article provided shall be allowed.

If in the case submitted to the arbitrators, either party shall have specified or alluded to any report or document in its own exclusive possession, with-

annexing a copy, such party shall be bound, if the other party thinks proper to apply for it, to furnish that party with a copy thereof, and either party may call upon the other through the arbitrators to produce the original certified copies of any papers adduced as evidence giving in each instance notice thereof within thirty days after delivery of the case; and the original or copy so requested shall be delivered as soon as may be, and within a period not exceeding forty days after receipt of notice.

Article 5.—It shall be the duty of the agent of each party within one month after the expiration of the time limited for the delivery of the counter case on both sides, to deliver in duplicate to each of the said arbitrators and to the agent of the other party a printed argument showing the points and referring to the evidence upon which his government relies, and either party may also support the same before the arbitrators by oral argument of counsel; and the arbitrators may, if they desire to further elucidate with regard to any point require a written or printed statement or argument or oral agreement by counsel, upon it, but in such case the other party shall be entitled to reply either orally or in writing as the case may be.

Article 6.—In deciding the matters submitted to the arbitrators, it is agreed that the following five points shall be submitted to them in order that their awards shall embrace a distinct decision upon each of the five points, to-wit:

First.—What exclusive jurisdiction in the sea now known as the Behring sea, and what exclusive rights in the seal fisheries therein did Russia assert and exercise prior and up to the time of the cession of Alaska to the United States?

Second.—How far were these claims of jurisdiction as to the seal fisheries recognized and conceded by Great Britain?

Third.—Was the body of water now known as the Behring sea included in the phrase, "Pacific ocean," as used in the treaty of 1825 between Great Britain and Russia; and what rights, if any, in the Behring sea were held and exclusively exercised by Russia after said treaty?

Fourth.—Did not all the rights of Russia as to jurisdiction, and as to the seal fisheries in Behring sea east of the water boundary, in the treaty between the United States and Russia of the 30th of March, 1867, pass unimpaired to the United States under that treaty?

Fifth.—Has the United States any right, and if so, what right of protection to property in the fur seals frequenting the islands of the United States in Behring sea when such seals are found outside the ordinary three mile limit?

Article 7.—If the determination of the questions as to the exclusive jurisdiction of the United States shall leave the subject in such a position that the concurrence of Great Britain is necessary to the establishment of regulations for the proper protection and preservation of the fur seal in, or habitually resorting to, the Behring sea, the arbitrators shall then determine what concurrent resolutions outside the jurisdictional limits of the respective governments are necessary, and over what water such regulations should extend, and to aid them in that determination the report of a joint commission to be appointed by the respective governments should be laid before them, with such other evidence as either government may submit.

Article 8.—The high contracting parties furthermore agree to co-operate in securing the adhesion of other powers to such regulations. The high contracting parties having themselves unable to agree upon a reference which shall include the question of liability of each for the injuries alleged to have been sustained by the other, or by its citizens, in connection with the claims presented and urged by it; and being solicitous that this subordinate question should not interrupt or longer delay the submission and determination of the main questions, do agree that either may submit to the arbitrators any question of fact involved in said claim and ask for a finding thereon, the question of liability of either government upon the facts found to be the subject of further negotiation.

Article 9.—The high contracting parties having agreed to appoint two commissioners on the part of each government to make the joint investigation and report contemplated in the preceding Article 7, and to include the terms of the said agreement in the present convention to the end that the joint and several reports and recommendations of said commissioners may be in due form submitted to the arbitrators should the contingency therefore arise, the said agreement is accordingly herein included as follows: Each government shall appoint two commissioners to investigate conjointly with the commissioners of the government all the facts having relation to seal life in Behring sea, and the measures necessary for its proper protection and preservation.

The four commissioners shall, so far as they may be able to agree, make a joint report to each of the two governments, and they shall also report, either jointly or severally, to each government on any points on which they be unable to agree.

These reports shall not be made public until they shall be submitted to the arbitrators or it shall appear that the contingency of their being used by the arbitrators can not arise.

Article 10.—Each government shall pay the expenses of its members of the joint commission in the investigation referred to in the preceding article.

Article 11.—The decision of the tribunal shall, if possible, be made within three months from the close of argument on both sides. It shall be made in writing and dated and shall be signed by the arbitrators, who shall assent to it.

The decision may be induplicate, one copy whereof shall be delivered to the agent of the United States for his government and the other copy shall be delivered to the agent of Great Britain for his government.

Article 12.—Each government shall pay its own agent and provide for the proper

remuneration of counsel employed by it and of the arbitrators appointed by it, and for the expense of preparing and submitting its case to the tribunal. All other expenses connected with the arbitration shall be defrayed by the two governments in equal moieties.

Article 13.—The arbitrators shall keep an accurate record of their proceedings and may appoint and employ the necessary officers to assist them.

Article 14.—The high contracting parties engage to consider the result of the proceedings of the tribunal of arbitration as a full, perfect and final settlement of all the questions referred to the arbitrators.

Article 15.—The present duty shall be fully ratified by the president of the United States of America, by and with the advice and consent of the senate thereof, and by her Britannic majesty, and the ratifications shall be exchanged either at Washington or at London within six months within the date hereof, or earlier, if possible.

PRESENTED TO THE PRESIDENT.

The New German Ambassador Recognized at Washington.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—Dr. Von Hollebeek, the new German ambassador to the United States, was presented to the president Tuesday by Assistant Secretary of State Wharton. In presenting his credentials Dr. Von Hollebeek said:

MR. PRESIDENT—By command of his majesty, the German emperor, king of Prussia, my most gracious master, I have the honor to place in your hands the letter whereby his majesty accredits me as his envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary in the United States of America. The letter also expresses the good wishes which his majesty constantly entertains for the welfare and prosperity of the United States. In the United States, preparing to fill the position occupied by my predecessor in office, whose unexpected decease is not only deeply deplored in his own country but calls forth warm sympathy here, I beg you, Mr. President, to rest assured that it shall be my constant endeavor, as it was his, to foster and strengthen the friendly relations between Germany and the United States which have so long existed and which are constantly becoming more closely cemented. I trust, Mr. President, that you will afford your support in the performance of this honorable task by extending the same kind treatment and the same friendly sentiments to me that you did my predecessor.

To which President Harrison responded as follows:

MR. MINISTER—It gives me pleasure to receive from your hands the letters of his majesty, the German emperor, king of Prussia, accrediting you as his envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary at Washington, and to express my high appreciation of the good wishes which his majesty entertains for the welfare and prosperity of the United States. I assure you, that, on my part, nothing shall be left undone which may conduce to the maintenance of the good relations so long subsisting between the United States and Germany. I trust that your residence in this city may be agreeable to yourself, and I feel assured that your performance of your official duties will prove as entirely satisfactory to both governments as did that of your accomplished predecessor whose untimely disease was so greatly regretted here. I bid you welcome, Mr. Minister, to this capital.

Vast Loss in Timber.

DULUTH, March 10.—Logging railways are being built by some of the Duluth lumber companies to reach the large body of pine timber lying along and south of the Mesaba iron range that was blown down by a hurricane last fall. The more this timber is looked over and estimated, the more serious does the loss become, until now it is stated that 100,000,000 feet were leveled to the ground. Much of this will be saved by prompt cutting, but doubtless 50,000,000 feet, a large share of which is government pine, will be ruined. Lumbermen of this district have increased their estimates of the winter's cut, and now figure that 400,000,000 feet will be the total, providing hauling in the woods can be carried on this month.

Jealous and Drunk.

CHICAGO, March 10.—Joe Krievar shot and instantly killed his wife in a drunken and jealous rage. He then shot himself in the head with the same revolver, and with a large knife gashed and hacked his throat in a horrible manner. Both died in a few minutes. Krievar was an Italian and lived at 82 Ewing street. He was a middle-aged man, and for some time had been dissatisfied with the conduct of the woman. Exasperated anew by some fancied wrong, his rage overcame him and he committed the awful deed.

Going to Fill Strikers' Place.

RICHMOND, Ind., March 10.—A gang of fifty machinists passed through here yesterday morning en route for Indianapolis, where they intend filling the places in the Pennsylvania shops there, made vacant by the recent strike. They came from Philadelphia, Harrisburg and Pittsburgh, and tomorrow they will be followed by another gang of about the same number.

Ex-Congressman Dead.

JEFFERSONVILLE, Ind., March 10.—James Rossell, father-in-law of ex-Congressman Joseph G. Howard, of this city, died yesterday at his home, in the Rossell neighborhood, of the grip. He was aged eighty years. The deceased was well known, and leaves one of the most valuable estates in the county.

Midnight Assault.

ENGLISH, Ind., March 10.—Ed Keefe, Otto Faulkner, Louis Faulkner and Hinton Carr have each been put under bond of \$1,000, upon the charge of midnight assault upon John Underhill, at Brandville, Perry county, a few weeks ago.

Midnight Assault.

WILWAKEE, March 10.—Yesterday Charles Meising, a Cream City street car driver, shot and probably fatally wounded his wife and then killed himself, at their home, 5871 1-2 Tenth street. Mrs. Meising has regained consciousness and is resting easier. Meising and his wife have not been living together for some time. He entered the house from the rear and, stealthily going to the room in which his wife and son lay sleeping, put a 32-calibre revolver to the woman's head and fired, and then turned the weapon upon himself, the bullet entering his right temple, killing him instantly.

BLIZZARD'S BLASTS.

Great Storms Raging in the Northwest.

MINNEAPOLIS IN THE CENTER.

The Wind Blowing at a Velocity of Fifty Miles an Hour and the Thermometer Twenty Degrees Below Zero—Great Suffering Caused by the Storm.

MINNEAPOLIS, March 10.—Since 4 o'clock yesterday morning, Minneapolis has been the center of a furious blizzard and reports coming in from outside points state that the wind is blowing across the plains at a velocity ranging from thirty-five to fifty miles an hour. The temperature, too, has fallen from 20 to 45 degrees and register all the way from 12 to 20 degrees below zero and still falling. In the city the streets are given up to the wind and flying snow; and during a part of the day it was impossible to see across the business streets. Local traffic is at a standstill, and a number of the leading merchants closed their stores. The street railway service is paralyzed.

Railway superintendents pronounce the storm the heaviest that they have seen in years. Incoming trains, with the exception of the Chicago trains, which did not meet the storm until their destination, are universally late.</

EVENING BULLETIN.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.
ROSSER & McCARTHY,
Proprietors.

THURSDAY, MARCH 10, 1892.

The advocates of the Separate Car bill have suddenly awakened to the fact that the measure is sleeping very soundly in the hands of the committee to whom it was referred.

WAGES at the Vesuvius Iron Works near Pittsburg were reduced ten per cent. this week in face of Mr. Carnegie's statement that the McKinley bill has benefited the iron industry.

THIRTY-SIX members of Congress are ill, some of them in a very critical condition. The National capital appears to be a very unhealthy place, but that doesn't lessen the crop of Congressional aspirants.

SEVEN of the eleven Kentucky Congressmen voted to take up the Bland Free Silver bill. Free coinage of silver seems to be pretty much of a hobby with a great many Democrats besides Mr. Bland.

THIS seems to be an unlucky year for murderers in this State. Since January 1st four have been swung off, six more are awaiting their turns, and several others are enjoying brilliant prospects for a death sentence, as an exchange remarks.

At Albany, N. Y., this week, John B. Thatcher, World's Fair Commissioner, and once an ardent Cleveland man, but who became a Hill convert, was defeated for the Presidency of the Young Men's Democratic Club, the leading political organization in the city, by Congressman Charles Tracy, a Cleveland Democrat, by a vote of seventy-eight to nine. It is reported that the next move will be to oust Mr. Thatcher from the Presidency of the State League of clubs, and yet we are told that the Democrats of the Empire State are overwhelmingly in favor of Senator Hill.

An exchange remarked recently that there would be some chance for Republicans in Kentucky if they didn't have any Government "pie" to fight over. There is some truth in what the exchange says. While the sentiment in Kentucky seems overwhelmingly in favor of President Harrison's re-nomination, yet the party is arrayed in two classes—the office-holders and their friends on one side and those who want the offices on the other side.

Hardly a convention is held nowadays that is not marked by a regular monkey and parrot time. The scenes at the late meeting in Lexington were repeated at Newport one night this week. Referring to the Newport meeting the Commercial Gazette says pandemonium prevailed. A stove was overturned, windows were broken and things generally smashed up. The two factions in one howling intermingled mass held conventions at the same time. Each crowd is looking ahead to the dishing out of the "pie" in case the party wins next November.

THE Louisville Post thinks the State authorities are not really in earnest in their efforts to stamp out the lottery evil. It says the petition filed in the court at that place by Attorney General Hendricks against the Frankfort Lottery people "reads like a farce." The Post adds: "The petition in effect prays the court to prevent the lotteries from usurping power they do not possess. A nice attitude, indeed, for a great Commonwealth. With enough law on its statute books to crush the lottery sharks out of existence in twenty-four hours it makes a prayer in a civil court to prevent the laws being broken. What's the matter with an indictment for every ticket sold."

The Post's plan is the right one, as has been demonstrated here in Maysville. An agent of one of the companies opened an office in this city not long ago and he now languishes in jail serving out a fine of \$500. Even the owner of the house where the office was located was fined for renting his property for lottery purposes. The Mason Circuit Court made short work of the lottery. There must be something wrong with the courts at Louisville.

NOTHING the Cincinnati Enquirer has ever done, perhaps, has brought down on it so much criticism as its advocacy of Senator Hill for President, or rather its opposition to Cleveland. It has been catching some hot shot, but remains as serene and as calm as a summer sky under it all. One of the worst shots it has received of late was from the Atlanta Journal which referred to the Enquirer's Democracy as of "the speckled and spayed variety." The Journal then adds: "A sense of its lonesomeness induced the Enquirer recently to look for company, and it undertook to poll all the weekly Democratic papers in Ohio as to their Presidential preferences. The result is calculated to intensify its discomfort. One hundred and twenty-five Dem-

ocratic editors responded, and of the number one hundred and one were emphatically in favor of the nomination of Grover Cleveland. The other twenty-four were scattering, only eleven of them declaring for David B. Hill. It was pretty bitter medicine, but the Enquirer mustered up grit enough to take it. It did better than some other organs which make it a rule not to publish facts that don't work their way. The Ohio Democrats are overwhelming for the nomination of Cleveland. Ditto the Democracy of the West generally."

THE CONGRESSIONAL CONTEST.

Another Communication Urging the Renomination of Hon. Thomas H. Paynter.

Editor Bulletin: Referring to the communication of "A Democrat" in your issue of February 20th, in regard to the matter of the selection of the successor of our present Representative in Congress, I beg leave to say that I am in full sympathy with the proposal that he should be Thomas H. Paynter, and I further agree with him in all his reasons showing why Mr. Paynter should be his own successor. That he has shown ability, needs no other proof than his own record; he is honest to the last degree; he is painstaking in every detail in the interest of his constituency, and he has shown himself approachable as well by the poorest Republican as by the most influential Democrat.

Then he is just now upon the threshold of a higher and greater usefulness than ever, because of the experience two terms has given him. He has passed his novitiate and apprenticeship, and stands to-day the peer of any member on the floor of Congress hall in point of usefulness to his constituency, and is recognized by every member of the House as having ability and influence, and that he has won his position by deserving it. It is my firm belief that we should return him to Congress, not only on account of his actual qualifications, but because the best interests of our party require that we should put none but trained soldiers on the ramparts on the eve of battle. We want no raw recruits in the front of the battle line, but we need and must have soldiers of experience, who will not falter or make any mistakes in the heat of battle. The National contest is likely to be the hottest known for a decade. Already we see threatening clouds lowering upon our horizon. Our leaders, if we succeed, must be such men who, by their experience and influence, can avert disaster by wise and timely action. Then "our friends the enemy" are wily and on the alert, with the government patronage in hand to back them. Thirty years of supremacy in the National holdings is object lesson enough to teach us that if we win it can only be by the most careful and sagacious political action. To assure this our leaders must be men who can harmonize local factions existences, which when put together will result in a unified whole.

I quote you from a recent issue of a metropolitan Democratic organ on the Presidential outlook, viz: "If the Democrats want to win they must employ sense, and not be carried away by sentiment and prejudice. They must look for a winner, and when they have found a man combining the practical qualities which lead to a political success with tried ability and integrity in office, and sound on all the great Democratic tenets, . . . then is the time to get together."

We hear the cry of "third term" urged against Mr. Paynter. That is myth and delusion; there is no principle in it. It is the slogan of the "outs" who want to get in. Rotation in office is proper where it is right and expedient, but where retention is best for country and party, then that principle should hold. A laudable political ambition is honorable and right, but there is a line that marks the difference between it and selfish ambition for the gratification of vanity.

Mr. Paynter has restored the Ninth Congressional district to its olden glory; let us maintain it by keeping him as our Representative. He will place our standard and himself higher still. He can wield more influence for the party than any man in the district in the Presidential race. Then Paynter and victory.

A TOM PAYNTER DEMOCRAT.

Real Estate Transfers.

Moses G. Moore and others to John J. Thomas, 50 acres of land on Lee's Creek; consideration, \$4,500.

A. M. Campbell and wife to John F. Moran, undivided half interest in a lot on the northwest corner of Mulberry alley and January street; consideration, \$125.

James F. Lee and wife to Charles P. Austin, a house and lot on north side of Third street, Fifth ward; consideration, \$725 cash.

Frank Harris &c., by Master Commissioner, to James N. Kehoe, a house and lot on eastside of the Lexington pike, near the old Armstrong school house; consideration, \$950.

J. W. Early and wife and others, to Cornelius Flanagan, a store house and lot on south side of Sixth street; consideration, \$1,400.

Collins and Rudy Lumber Company to Benjamin Sweet, 36 acres of land near the Maysville Fair grounds; consideration, \$1,350.

Jane Morris to Dennis Holmes, a house and lot on the south side of Sixth street; consideration, \$800.

M. C. Hutchison and wife to James F. Lee, a house and two lots in the Sixth ward; consideration, \$500 cash.

River News.

The Bonanza went into Cincinnati with 100 passengers on her first trip this week.

About 2,000,000 bushels of coal has been shipped from Pittsburg this week.

A lady passenger on the Andes gave birth to a girl baby at Parkersburg on the trip last week. The child has been named "Little Andes."

Due up to-night: Bonanza for Portsmouth, Boston for Pomeroy and Keystone State for Pittsburg. Down: Andes this evening and Telegraph to-night.

The Ripley Bee is authority for the statement that the steamer St. Lawrence will re-enter the Cincinnati and Maysville trade next Monday as a daily packet.

Inherited a Fortune.

Mrs. Margaret Brent, an aged woman of Paris, widow of C. S. Brent, who established the Citizens' Bank, has fallen heir to \$100,000 by the death of a nephew named Page, in New York. Papers were received last week establishing the fact that she was sole heir, and her son, James K. Ford, has gone East to secure the money. Mrs. Brent has but two children, Mr. Ford and Mrs. J. C. Brent, wife of the present Cashier of the Citizens' Bank.

Here and There.

Miss Anna Clarke has returned home after a visit at Paris and Lexington.

Miss Nannie Peed is visiting her uncle, Mr. John Peed, at Millersburg.

Mrs. R. A. Toup and Mrs. M. F. Marsh are spending a few days at Flemingsburg.

Mr. J. V. Lytle, of Paris, returned home yesterday after spending a few days with his son, Mr. Omar Lytle, of the West End.

"M. C. Hutchins Camp."

The "M. C. Hutchins Camp" is the name selected by the Sons of Veterans of this city for their organization. Captain Hutchins manifested his high appreciation of the honor by banqueting the members at Luzi's restaurant last night. Thirty-eight members enjoyed the spread.

The M. F. Wells.

Captain Edgington will take his Augusta and Maysville packet M. F. Wells to Point Pleasant next Monday to have her docked and repaired. She will be gone about a week, and will be given a thorough overhauling.

THE Harris Gas Company has disposed of West Virginia for \$35,000 cash and three-fourths interest in the company to be organized in that State. West Virginia is one of the six or seven States sold the Harris Company by the Southern Fuel Company of this city for \$30,000.

Near Washington, Penn., People

Are not slow about taking hold of a new thing, if the article has merit. A few months ago D. Byers, of that place, bought his first stock of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. He sold it all and ordered more. He says: "It has given the best of satisfaction. I have warranted every bottle, and have not had one to come back." Twenty-five-cent, 50-cent and \$1 bottles for sale by Power & Reynolds.

OUR NEIGHBORS.

SARDIS.

The growing wheat on tobacco ground is looking well.

The ladies of Shannon Church are preparing for an entertainment.

Miss Elmira Browning returned from Owingsville Saturday and left this week for Indianapolis.

Miss Kittie Dixon, of Ripley, and Miss Laura Bailey, of San Francisco, have been the charming guests of the Misses Bland, for the last ten days.

Mr. J. T. Suit returned from Nashville with a handsome diploma from Clarke's School for embalming and preserving the dead and is now a full-fledged F. D.

The protracted meeting with the M. E. Church South closed after three weeks' continuance with five additions. Rev. Jeff Redd did the preaching, the pastor assisting in song and exhortation; Miss Katie Wightman organist.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.

When she was a child, she cried for Castoria, When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,

When she was a mother, she gave her Castoria.

When she was a grandmother, she gave her Castoria.

When she was a widow, she gave her Castoria.

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EVENING BULLETIN.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.
ROSSER & McCARTHY,
Proprietors.

THURSDAY, MARCH 10, 1892.

RAILROAD SCHEDULE.

CINCINNATI DIVISION CHESAPEAKE AND OHIO.

East.	West.
No. 2.....9:48 a. m.	No. 1.....6:20 a. m.
No. 20.....4:40 p. m.	No. 19.....5:40 a. m.
No. 18.....4:45 p. m.	No. 17.....4:48 a. m.
No. 4.....8:00 p. m.	No. 3.....4:25 p. m.

Nos. 19 and 20 are the Maysville accommodation and Nos. 17 and 18 the Huntington accommodation. Nos. 1 and 2 are the fast express and Nos. 3 and 4 the F. & W.

The accommodation trains are daily except Sunday; the rest are daily.

Direct connection at Cincinnati for points West and South.

Add twenty-six minutes to get city time.

MAYSVILLE DIVISION KENTUCKY CENTRAL.
Southbound.

Leave Maysville at 5:20 a. m. for Paris, Lexington, Cincinnati, Richmond, Stanford, Livingston, Jellico, Middleborough, Cumberland Gap, Frankfort, Louisville and points on N. N. and M. V.—Eastern Division.

Leave Maysville at 1:50 p. m. for Paris, Cincinnati, Lexington, Winchester, Richmond and points on N. N. and M. V.—Eastern Division.

Northbound.

Arrive at Maysville at 10:10 a. m. and 8:30 p. m. All trains daily except Sunday.

Add twenty-six minutes to get city time.

INDICATIONS—For Kentucky: Local showers in east, fair in west portion Thursday; a cold wave; northwest winds; colder and fair Friday.

SPRING hats—Nelson's.

MAPLE SYRUP—Calhoun's.

GEO. W. SULSER, law, fire insurance.

RELIABLE fire insurance—W. R. Warder.

G. S. JUDS, insurance and collection agency.

A. M. CAMPBELL, real-estate, loans and collections.

tm16

FIRE, tornado and marine insurance.

DULEY & BALDWIN, Agents.

TWENTY prisoners were placed in the penitentiary at Frankfort one day this week.

JAMES HUMPHREY and Rachel Walton, colored, have been granted marriage license.

Rev. M. G. McNEELEY will preach at the M. E. Church to-night at the usual hour. All are invited.

THE City Council of Ripley has let the contract for a building to be used by the Ripley Canning Company.

THE only specific in the world for pneumonia is Dr. Hale's Household Ointment. Get it at Power & Reynolds'.

STATE INSPECTOR MACEY has resigned his office, and will be succeeded April 1st by Judge Gardner, of Elizabethtown.

THE City Council of Catlettsburg has refused the right of way to the Ashland and Catlettsburg electric street railway.

PROFESSOR P. D. COURTNEY has removed from Birmingham to Nashville, his present address being 1,047 Church street.

MRS. PATRICK CONNELLY, who mysteriously disappeared from Paris, was reported found yesterday at some point in Indiana.

MR. D. HECHINGER didn't sell his farm in the suburbs Tuesday. The day was a bad one for a sale and the price bid was not satisfactory.

JAMES S. KIRK & Co., of Chicago, offer through Kackley & McDougle, one box of their Shandon Bells soap for 50 cents, for introduction only.

4d6t

A. M. LANG, of Cove Dale, Lewis County, had 1,000 pounds of meat stolen the other night, and the thieves then burned up the meat house.

THE snow storms last night and this morning and the freeze will give the early gardener a severe setback. Ground hog winter is still with us.

THE remains of little Lawler Fitzgerald, whose death was mentioned yesterday, will be brought here to-morrow afternoon and interred in the cemetery.

THE Bourbon Trust and Safety Vault Company of Paris has declared a dividend of ten per cent, added over \$300 to its surplus and had left over \$550 to go to its undivided profits.

MR. DANIEL GERHARDT, of Cincinnati, will wed Miss Lutie Dawson, of this city, March 23rd, at 3:30 p. m. The groom to be is assistant book-keeper of the Cincinnati Tin and Japan Company.

If you are thinking of buying a watch, it will pay you to buy it of Ballenger, the jeweler. His line is complete. They are of the best and most elegant make and are warranted correct time-keepers.

SAYS the Bourbon News: "Mr. John W. Boulden, clerk in the First National Bank of Maysville, was here Monday. John is taking on considerable adipose matter in his old days. He says, however, that it is quite time, for he has been a good all around poor man long enough. He was the champion bummer of the Ninth Kentucky Regiment, C. S. A."

PERSONALITIES

Figure Large in the Lottery Discussion at Frankfort Yesterday.
Legislative Doings.

The Goebel Anti-Lottery bill and its proposed substitute were up for discussion in the lower branch of the Legislature yesterday. The substitute makes the carrying on of lottery enterprises a misdemeanor, instead of a felony as in the original bill. Representative Myers, of Covington, was the first speaker. He advocated the adoption of the substitute. His remarks were largely of a personal character, as he seized the occasion to score some newspapermen. One of these was Dan E. O'Sullivan, editor of the Louisville Sunday Critic, a paper that has been fighting the lotteries. Myers charged that there is not "a more notorious gambler in Louisville than O'Sullivan." He then turned his attention to W. P. Campbell, of the Covington Post, and referred to him as "a little pest" and "editor of code duello fame." He gave an interesting account of Campbell's challenge to Thomas A. Davis of Maysville, and it is said his remarks brought down the House.

Mr. O'Meara, of Hardin, followed, speaking for the original bill. Mr. Pettit also spoke for the original bill.

The Senate passed the bill providing for the charters of graded schools.

The House Committee on Agriculture reported the McCann tobacco bill without amendment, and the bill went to its second reading.

Among the bills pending in the House is one disqualifying a juror from serving in the Circuit Court more than once in two years.

The Senate Committee on Revised Statutes has approved the Revisory Commission's chapter on voluntary assignments for the benefit of creditors. It differs considerably from the present law on the subject. It provides that insolvents shall pay in full all debts they owe as guardian, administrator or trustee, and that what is left shall be prorated among other creditors. If the assignor has made any fraudulent transfer of property before his assignment it shall not operate to set aside the deed of assignment, but the assignee may sue and recover the property thus fraudulently transferred. When a man has a contract lien upon any of the insolvent's property he exhausts that property and then prorates only the remainder of his debt.

An effort is being made to increase the salary of the State Librarian from \$1,000 to \$1,200.

A bill is pending to authorize the payment of \$2 to jury commissioners for services for selecting grand and petit jurors.

Kentucky After Half a Million.

Senator Carlisle has introduced a bill to reimburse the State of Kentucky for arms, ordnance and ordnance stores issued to volunteers and militia organizations and U. S. ordnance officers and used in aiding to suppress the rebellion against the United States. He was asked by a Commercial Gazette correspondent what would be the amount to be paid to Kentucky under this bill, and said he thought that it would range between five and six hundred thousand dollars. There had been an endeavor to settle the matter with the Treasury Department but the matter had there been dismissed. Senator Carlisle thinks, inasmuch as other States have had similar refunds,

stock must go, as they have to give up their store room in a very short time.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Southern Fuel Company will be held at its office in the First National Bank, Monday, March 28th, at 2 p. m., to elect a Board of Directors. See notice.

Being compelled to give up their store room about the first of March, W. L. Thomas & Brother have made a still further reduction in their prices and are now offering any thing in their immense stock at prices never before offered in this market.

An exchange says: "Miss Kathryn Webster is not only a good vocalist, a graceful dancer, but in musical specialties, whether the tuneful mandolin, the mellow saxophone or the cornet, is exceptionally charming." Hear her at the opera house to-night.

Your choice ladies' lace pins and ear-drops, \$1, regular price \$1.50 and \$2.

Choice gent's scarf pins, 75 cents, regular price \$1 and \$1.50. These goods are warranted to wear five years. Gent's cuff-buttons 60 cents, reduced from \$1 and \$1.25, at P. J. Murphy's, the Jeweler, successor to Hopper & Murphy.

"A BREEZY TIME" was given at Lima, O., a few nights since, and the Republican can of that city has the following complimentary notice of the leading members, Mr. Fitz and Kathryn Webster: "They are thorough musicians and executed most enjoyably great variety of music upon all sorts of instruments—in fact, the last act belonged almost exclusively to them. To enumerate all the pleasant surprises in a musical way would consume too much space. A mandolin octette and a tennis quintette were new, novel and most entertaining. Mr. Fitz and Miss Webster (Mrs. Fitz) played on a variety of instruments in act three."

The New Orleans Picayune says of "A BREEZY TIME": "The play has no plot to speak of. An old farmer from Vermont goes to Boston in search of a scampagre nephew and a wild young lady at a seminary. He finds them and has a lively time in the first act. The second and third acts are on the homestead at Vermont. City folks, tramps and odd characters appear and make the scenes still livelier. Mr. E. B. Fitz, fat enough for a Three John's company, was good natured and busy as the queer old man from Vermont. Miss Kathryn Webster is a very clever soubrette. Miss Helen Rainsley looks well and sings difficult music with a pleasing voice and fine effect." The company appears at the opera house to-night.

KENTUCKY COAL.

Last Year Was the Most Prosperous the Companies in this State Have Enjoyed.

C. J. Norwood, State Mine Inspector, has received and compiled mine reports for the year 1891. In a comparison with previous years, it is shown that the year was the most prosperous in the coal mining history of the State.

The total output of bituminous coal, (from 100 mines) amounted to 71,977,055 bushels (2,879,082 tons). This was an increase of 9,898,346 bushels over 1890, the largest increase within a single year since 1888, when the product jumped from 48,329,630 bushels to 58,551,463. In the production of this coal a maximum of 8,264 persons were employed last year, the average number being 6,093.

The cannel mines, four in number, produced 42,870 tons, a reduction of 6,512 tons from 1890. They gave employment to a maximum of 358 persons, the average being 268.

The number of persons engaged at mines in the State doubtless exceeds 10,000, there being a large number of mines at which from three to six persons are employed, from which no returns are received. There are also mines now being opened which, since they were not producing in 1891, are not reported. The production of coke amounted to 32,693 tons, a gain of 11,983 tons over 1890.

During the year sixteen new commercial mines were added to the list of producers, and seven small mines entered the list of those whose output is reported.

Now is the time to buy pottery goods, china, glass, queensware, stoves and tinware at ruinous prices, as W. L. Thomas & Bro. are closing out their immense stock.

PASCAL B. LANG pleaded guilty at Georgetown yesterday to the charge of carnal relations with his imbecile niece, and was sentenced to eight years in the penitentiary at Columbus.

You can get the WEEKLY BULLETIN for only \$1.50 a year now. It gives the important news of the day—local, State and National. If you are not a subscriber send us the money and try it one year.

The people have an opportunity to buy goods of W. L. Thomas & Brother at lower prices than ever offered before. The stock must go, as they have to give up their store room in a very short time.

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CONGRESS.

Senate.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—In the senate Wednesday Mr. Hale, acting chairman of the naval committee, reported a bill to increase the navy. He said it was substantially the same measure introduced by him Jan. 25, 1892, providing for new battle ships, gun boats and torpedo boats. Placed on the calendar.

Mr. Morgan introduced a bill to enforce the provisions of the revised statutes in regard to Article 24 of the treaty of 1871 with Great Britain. It provides that all laws exempting from duty any articles not on the free list when the same are entered in the custom houses of the United States for transit to Canada are hereby declared inoperative. Referred to the committee on foreign relations.

Mr. Morgan also reported a resolution authorizing the committee on foreign relations to take testimony in cases where a claim is made by a citizen of the United States against a foreign government.

House.

In the house after some importar business had been done, the house wen into committee of the whole on the free wool bill. Mr. McMillin took the floor and opened the tariff debate.

BLOW AT JUSTICE.

An Attempt Made to Murder a Police Judge.

LINCOLN, Neb., March 10.—An attempt was made to kill Acting Police Judge Borgelet at 10 o'clock yesterday while police court was in session. Charles Warner, a man about sixty-five years of age, walked into the court room and up to the desk where Judge Borgelet was writing, and drawing a revolver he fired two shots at the judge in rapid succession. The first shot took effect in the region of the heart, but was turned from its course by some article in his vest pocket. The second bullet struck the judge over the left eye and plowed through the flesh in an upward direction. Warner was at once seized and held after a severe struggle.

Judge Borgelet was removed to his home. The extent of his injuries are not known at this hour, but it is not believed that his wound will prove fatal. Warner was fined by the judge last Saturday for stealing a pair of pants from a Lincoln merchant, and has since that time has been making threatening remarks concerning the judge.

THE BATTLE OPENED

Against the Kentucky Lotteries by Commonwealth Attorneys.

LOUISVILLE, March 10.—The first gun in the fight of the state against the Frankfort lottery was fired Tuesday morning, when Commonwealth's Attorney Parsons filed in the law and equity court a petition asking in substance the suppression of the lottery business. The petition is styled, "The Commonwealth against James J. Douglas, Owen Stuart, C. F. Tatum and the Frankfort Lottery." The new constitution prohibits lotteries, and a resolution was recently adopted by the legislature directing the attorney general to bring suit to close the lotteries under the provision of the constitution.

New Building Burned.

COLUMBUS, Ind., March 10.—The Bon Ton restaurant and sleeping rooms above, in John S. Crump's new theater building, burned at 2 o'clock yesterday morning, the entire contents and interior of all the rooms being destroyed. The loss on stock will reach nearly \$1,000, insured in Firemen's Fund of San Francisco, for \$600. Loss on building \$20,000, insured in Royal of London, \$2,000; Evansville, \$2,000; Lancashire of London, \$1,500; Queen of London, \$1,500; Ohio Farmers' \$1,000. Liverpool and London, \$1,000, and Phoenix of New York, \$1,000.

Southern Steamship Association.

ATLANTA, March 10.—The first regular meeting of the Southern Steamship association opened here Tuesday. It is the first meeting since its amalgamation with the Southeastern Mississippi Valley association, and all the new members are here to attend the meeting. It will last several days, as very important matters are to be discussed. Rates on pig iron, lumber and iron ore will be adjusted. About one hundred freight men representing the lines in the association are here to attend the meeting.

They Wanted to See the Country.

JEFFERSONVILLE, Ind., March 10.—Alexander Stout, fourteen years old, and Henry Wools, Jr., eleven years of age, grandson of the late Henry B. Wools, at one time a prominent southern Indiana newspaper man, tramped in the city from Seymour yesterday, much the worse for wear from their trip. On reaching here they became homesick, and several sympathetic persons contributed money enough to send them back to their homes. Their desire was to see the country.

Reply to the Strikers.

INDIANAPOLIS, March 10.—President Frenzel, of the street car company, yesterday replied to the demands of the men, refusing to reinstate all but two of the men discharged and also refusing to discharge the men employed during the strike. He agrees to raise the wages of motormen, but declines to do so in any other case. The reply, while kind and pacific in tone, is unsatisfactory to the men, and they will, no doubt, make an effort to have certain points reconsidered.

Explosion in a Mine.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., March 10.—Three miners were killed and two others fatally injured by an explosion of gas in the Alden mine yesterday afternoon. A careless miner ignited the gas with a naked light. The killed are: Charles Kryora, Henry Brown and Elijah Jennes. Fatally injured are: John Kryora and Michael Behan. The mine was badly injured by the explosion.

Twenty-Five Lives Lost.

LONDON, March 10.—The German steamer Messina, from London for Marseilles, was wrecked off Scilly, and only one of her crew of twenty-six men escaped.

WHY HE SUICIDED.

A Man Ends His Existence on Account of a Love Affair.

INDIANAPOLIS, March 10.—William Hupt, a blacksmith by trade, living at Cumberland, committed suicide yesterday. Hupt, the coroner is told, was in love with the wife of John Krigler, also of Cumberland, and had, town rumor it is, arranged to elope with her.

Krigler discovered the arrangement, and yesterday morning came to "Squire Hamilton's office to take legal proceedings against Hupt. Hupt followed him, and, on the way to the city, suddenly drew a revolver, thrust it into his own mouth, and fired. The bullet passed through his brain, killing him instantly.

He is a widower, about forty-three years of age.

He Was Murdered.

WILLIAMSPORT, Pa., March 10.—The coroner's investigation into the mystery surrounding the death of John Stewart, whose body was found in Muncey creek, Friday, reveals the fact that the man was murdered. There is a deep indentation in the skull and his watch and \$40 that he had in his pocket are missing. A \$5,000 insurance policy, made out in favor of his fourteen-year-old daughter, who is supposed to reside in Oswego, N. Y., was found on his person.

No Further Rioting at Memphis.

MEMPHIS, March 10.—Sheriff McLinden dispersed the large crowd of whites and blacks gathered at the curve. By order of Judge Dubose the guns of the Tennessee Rifles, a colored military organization, have been taken from the armory and conveyed to the sheriff's office, and Frank Schuman, a gunsmith, has been placed in jail for selling arms to negroes. A posse of one hundred armed men is now gathered in the sheriff's office.

Irish Nationalist Injured.

DUBLIN, March 10.—John Dillon, the Irish Nationalist, slipped on the icy pavement before his house in North Great George's street, Dublin, yesterday, and fell on his side, fracturing his shoulder. It is feared also that he has suffered internal injuries. He is attended by Dr. Kenny, who set the fracture an hour after the accident occurred. Mr. Dillon is now doing well, although suffering considerable pain.

Church Burned.

BOSTON, March 10.—The Mission church just beyond the Roxbury crossing, was totally destroyed by fire at 4:30 yesterday. Loss \$150,000. The church was occupied by the Redemptorist Fathers. The main building was erected thirty-five years ago. The fire destroyed the three vestries in the rear of the pulpit, and with them all the valuable gold and silver plate. The cause of the fire has not yet been ascertained.

In Favor of Sunday Closing.

PHILADELPHIA, March 10.—A meeting of citizens who favor the closing of the Columbian exposition at Chicago on the Sabbath, will be held at the temple tomorrow evening. Hon. William H. Ashman will preside, and Hon. D. H. Hastings, Hon. Richard Vaux, Rev. Dr. Hulburd, and Bishop O. W. Whitaker will address the meeting.

Accident to Old Age.

JEFFERSONVILLE, Ind., March 10.—Mrs. Eva Gross, ninety-nine years of age, yesterday, while descending a flight of steps at her home in Henryville, fell from the first landing to the floor, a distance of twenty feet, breaking both limbs and right arm. Her injuries are fatal. Mrs. Gross is the oldest native-born woman residing in the county.

Supreme Court Decision.

INDIANAPOLIS, March 10.—The supreme court so far modified its order in the Decker case yesterday as to permit argument to-morrow and give the railroad companies who desire to interplead in the litigation fifteen days in which to file their briefs. The points made in the latter will be considered in deciding the case.

New Railway Company.

COLUMBUS, O., March 10.—Articles of the consolidation of the Mackinaw and Michigan and the Cincinnati and Mackinaw road of Ohio were filed with the secretary of state to-day. The number and new name of the road will be the Cincinnati, Jackson and Mackinaw, and the capital stock will be \$16,400,000.

Wires All Down.

OMAHA, March 10.—An extraordinary high wind prevailed in this section yesterday. Telephone and telegraph wires were lunched, and great damage was done in the way of plate glass windows and destroying cornices. The wind blew at the rate of thirty-six miles an hour.

Collision of Steamboats.

NEW YORK, March 10.—The outgoing steamer Seneca for Richmond, and the Roanoke, both of the Old Dominion line, collided in the harbor during the foggy weather. Both were considerably damaged, but the Seneca proceeded, and the Roanoke went to her dock.

A Case of Murder.

WILMINGTON, Del., March 10.—The dead body of Samuel Harker, a negro, aged sixty-one years, was found yesterday lying in a small stream just north of the city line. His skull was crushed and his neck broken. It is clearly a case of murder.

After the Frankfort Lottery.

LOUISVILLE, March 10.—In accordance with the new constitution, which prohibits lotteries, Commonwealth's Attorney Parsons filed a suit against the Frankfort lottery, asking that it be suppressed.

Took Her Own Life.

NOBLESVILLE, Ind., March 10.—Mrs. Charles Scott hanged herself late last night. She was demented over a bad trade made by her husband in real estate.

Senate Proceedings.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—The pure food bill passed the senate without a division, and an executive session was immediately called on the Behring sea question.

DRUNKENNESS OPIUM

AND THE KEELEY INSTITUTE, PLAINFIELD, IND.

Every Month

many women suffer from Excessive or Scant Menstruation; they don't know who to confide in to get proper advice. Don't confide in anybody but try

Bradfield's Female Regulator
a Specific for PAINFUL, PROFUSE,
SCANTY, SUPPRESSED and IRREGULAR
MENSTRUATION.
Book to "WOMAN" mailed free.
BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.
Sold by all Druggists.

PROFESSIONAL AND BUSINESS CARDS.

FRANK P. O'DONNELL,

ATTORNEY

And Counsellor at Law. Practices in Mason and adjoining counties. Office in building of Wadsworth & Son.

L. W. GALBRAITH,

ATTORNEY

And Counsellor at Law. Practices in the courts of Mason and adjoining counties. Prompt attention paid to collections.

W. S. YAZELL,

Second Street, Fifth Ward,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Office opposite Collins & Rudy's Planing Mill.

SAMUEL PANGBURN,

North Side of Third Street,

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